

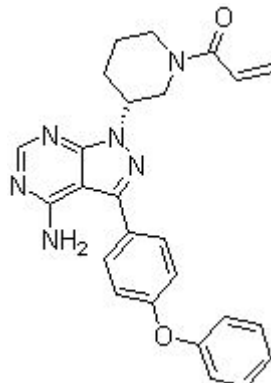


Product Introduction

Ibrutinib (PCI-32765)

Ibrutinib is a potent and highly selective **Btk** inhibitor with **IC50** of 0.5 nM, modestly potent to Bmx, CSK, FGR, BRK, HCK, less potent to EGFR, Yes, ErbB2, JAK3, etc.

Technical Data:

Molecular Weight (MW):	440.5	
Formula:	C ₂₅ H ₂₄ N ₆ O ₂	
Solubility (25°C)	DMSO 88 mg/mL	
* <1 mg/ml means slightly soluble or insoluble:	Water <1 mg/mL	
	Ethanol <1 mg/mL	
Purity:	>98%	
Storage:	3 years -20°C Powder 6 months -80°C in DMSO	
CAS No.:	936563-96-1	

Biological Activity

Ibrutinib shows the potent and irreversible inhibitory effect and selectivity for Btk enzymatic activity. In BCR pathway-activated DOHH2 cell line, Ibrutinib inhibits autophosphorylation of Btk, phosphorylation of Btk's physiological substrate PLC γ , and phosphorylation of further downstream kinase, ERK with IC₅₀ of 11 nM, 29 nM and 13 nM, respectively. ^[1] Ibrutinib exhibits a significant dose-dependent and time-dependent induction of cytotoxicity in chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) cells. In addition, Ibrutinib induces cell death depending on caspase pathway activation and antagonizes the ability of CLL cells to

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proliferate after TLR signaling. [2] A recent study shows that Ibrutinib inhibits BCR-activated primary B cell proliferation with IC50 of 8 nM and results in inhibition of TNF α , IL-1 β and IL-6 production in primary monocytes with IC50 of 2.6 nM, 0.5 nM and 3.9 nM, respectively. [3]

In a collagen-induced arthritis model, Ibrutinib significantly reduces clinical arthritis scores reflecting paw swelling and joint inflammation by inhibiting B-cell activation. In a MRL-Fas(lpr) lupus model, Ibrutinib reduces renal disease and autoantibody production. [1] In an adoptive transfer TCL1 mouse model of CLL, Ibrutinib (25 mg/kg/day) causes a transient early lymphocytosis, and delays CLL disease progression. [4]

References

- [1] Honigberg LA, et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2010, 107(29), 13075-13080.
- [2] Herman SE, et al. Blood. 2011, 117(23), 6287-6296.
- [3] Chang BY, et al. Arthritis Res Ther. 2011, 13(4), R115.
- [4] Ponader S, et al. Blood. 2012, 119(5), 1182-1189.



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